Constant of the control of the contr

Why Paul Company



After the unfortunate person who is alling because the blood needs new life, and the nerves require nature's food, finally tries Paine's celery compound, and gets immediate relief, another is added to the great multitude of people whose praise of this remedy has made the demand for it many times larger than that of all other remedies put together.

A person must have lost all confidence in his fellowmen who can read the following letter and not be convinced of the great benefit Paine's celery compound has done, is doing, and will continue to do for sick and nervous people wherever it finds them.

When a sick man or woman finds that he or she has taken a remedy that has actually done for him or her all that is claimed for it—it can be safely predicted what will follow. Every acquaintance, sick or well, will be told about it.

General Rodriguez has written down his experience in the hone of helping others.

DRILL WITH HEAVY GUNS.

teenth Artillery.

heavy artillery arm of "would be glad to confer regarding relations between the State heavy artillery and the heavy artillery and the heavy artillery of the regular army, and how far it is practicable for us to give, and for you to avail yourselves of, greater facilities for instruction and training through the use of our seacoast fortifications and otherwise."

After coming to this country, in 1885, he established himself in the front rank of performers in the field contests.

He competed in the all-around Amateur Athletic Union champicuship from 1887 to 1892, and won the title in the latter year with 45 points, the record score under the time of the 56-pound weight.

4-inch breech-loading gun, and a full set

of Instruments has been furnished.
Col. Henry T. Dechert and staff of the
Second Infantry, Pennsylvania National
Guard, Philadelphia, will be the guests of the Thirteenth Regiment on January 30 That evening the home regiment will have a drill in honor of the visitors. It is hoped that about the middle of February Colonel Dechert's entire command may come to Brooklyn for a point drill with the Thirteenth. The proposition includes a return of the visit next year,

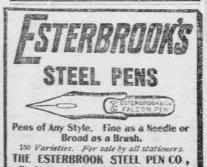
MOVEMENTS OF TRANSPORTS.

The Lawton to Leave San Francisco for Manila on February 1.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 19 .- According to the present plans the transport Lawton will sail February 1 on her regular trip to Manils, via Honolulu and Guam. The Warren due from Manila about the 25th.

Thursday evening in the University Club. Warren, due from Manila about the 25th, will follow the Lawton on February 16, unless extensive repairs are found to be of a necessary to the steamer. The Warren is bringing 464 sick soldiers and the Lodies two.

The transport Sheridan left Manila on January 10 with twenty-seven officers and 654 men of the Thirty-seventh Volunteer The Plan for Annexing the Western Infantry, forty-four general prisoners, 256 sick soldiers, and seven insane men.



Works, Camden, N. J. 26 John St., N. Y.

"When everything else has failed. Paine's celery compound has brought me back to health."

The thousands of instances where this has been said—the scores of people in every community who have told this simple story; the downright, hard, cold facts; the grateful acknowledgements of men and women who have suffered from the diseases that have their origin in impaired nervous systems and sluggish, impure blood—these are what have made Paine's celery compound far and away the one remedy above all others that physicians prescribe and the public endorse.

It is by merit, and merit alone that Paine's celery compound has achieved its wonderful pre-eminence, not only in this country, but throughout the civilized world.

After the unfortunate person who is alling because the blood needs new life, and the nerves require nature's food, finally tries Paine's celery compound, and gets immediate relief, another is added to the great multitude of people whose praise of this remedy has made the demand for it many times larger than that of all other remedies put together.

A person must have lost all confidence in his fellowmen who can read the following letter and not be convinced of the great benefit Paine's celery compound has done, is doing, and will continue to do for side and nervous people wherever it finds them.

When a sick man or womain finds that he or she has taken a remedy that has achieved and nervous people wherever it finds them.

When a skek man or womain finds that he or she has taken a remedy that has achieved and nervous people wherever it finds them.

When a skek man or womain finds that has achieved of men so highly esteemed in bust.

No remedy ever had the outspoken approval of men so highly esteemed in business and professional life. No remedy ever deserved so well of people in the ordinary walks of life, and none ever got such instant recognition from the discerning walks.

FAMOUS ATHLETE DEAD.

Around Champion, Passes Away. NEW YORK, Jan. 19.-Col. David E. NEW YORK, Jan. 19.-Michael O'Sulli-Austen, commanding the Thirteenth Regi- van, the ex-champion all-around athlete ment. Heavy Artillery, has interested Sec- and one of the most popular men conwill probably be granted the terday of appendicitis at the Presby:erian sired facilities for drill and Hospital. He will be buried on Monday them. We were obliged to force them long-desired facilities for drill and Hospital. He will be buried on Monday them. We were of exercise with heavy armament of the from his home, 144 West 101st Street. exercise with heavy armament of the from his home, 144 West 101st Street. fortifications in and about this port and O'Sullivan was born at Ballinahasaig, vicinity. The colonel has received a let- County Cork, Ireland, in 1855, and made

ter from Secretary Root, in which the lat- his debut at Kinsale Sports in 1879, winter says that he much desires the devel- ning the seven-pound weight contest with opment of the State organization in the a throw of eighteen feet. His next most heavy artillery arm of the service, and notable performance was at the annual

> old rules. Up to 1888 O'Sullivan held the record for throwing the 56-pound weight for height with a throw of 13 feet 6 inches. and won the first Amateur Athletic Union indoor championship of that year with a throw of 12 feet 9 inches, but the weight was a triffe short of the stipulated fifty-six pounds. He was a member of the New York police force after 1891. Outside of his prowess as an athlete, "Mike" was a character himself. For the last eight

when the Thirteenth may go to Philadel- The Chess Champion Weds a Phila-

CHICAGO, Jan. 19 .- Harry N. Pillsbury of Philadelphia, the chess champion of America, added a dash of romance to one of his business trips Thursday by meeting and wedding in Chicago Miss Mary F. Bush, also of Philadelphia. The couple

He played fourteen simultaneous games with members of the club, granting odds with members of the club, granting odds.

Counties to Alabama.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 19 .- The move ment of the counties of Western Florida to secede from that State and annex themselves to Alabama was successfully launched by the Young Men's Business League and Chamber of Commerce of Pensacola, which held a large session and

annexation meeting.

The plan of procedure decided on was to organize a joint committee composed of two of the most prominent and representative citizens from each of the countries. Franklin Calbany Locker Week ties of Franklin, Calhoun, Jackson, Washington, Holmes, Walton, Santa Rosa, and Escambia. The committee will present the annexation question to the Alabama Legislature, which meets January 29, to the Alabama constitutional convention, which meets in May, and to the Florida Legislature, which meets in April.

Commandant Krige Still Has Hopes of Victory.

Praise for Lord Roberts From One of His Opponents-Stringent Rules for the Treatment of the Burghers Devised by Chamberlain-Eleven Thousand Federalists in the Field.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 19. - Commandant Jan Krige, of the Boer Army, delivered an interesting address last night at the Central Y. M. C. A. on the Boers and the war they are now carrying on. Mayor Hayes introduced the speaker with a few remarks commendatory of the patriots and their efforts to preserve their freedom. He also complimented Baltimore for raising a sum of \$4,100, which has been sent to South Africa to aid the widows and orphans of Boer soldiers. After the lecture a collection was taken for the same cause

Commandant Krige looked the soldier in every respect. He is about six feet tall, broad shouldered, large boned, and of pleasing appearance. His English was easily understood, except when he became carried away with enthusiasm for his subject, at which times his enunciation was somewhat confused. He pronounced the Boer names of towns, cities, and battlefields in the native manner, and several of them were unrecognizable, because Americans have conceived pronunciations of these according to English rules. Much of the talk was of what has already appeared in the newspapers, but he cited a number of new cases of British efforts to subdue the country by forcing out the women and children.

"All the telegrams and newspaper despatches received by the public come spatches received by the public come." he cited a number of new cases of British

spatches received by the public come from English sources," he said, "but even they indicate that our situation today is better than it has ever been before. Lord Roberts went back to England to see about rectifying this criminal war. I heard him speak to a party of my counheard him speak to a party of my countrymen when I was a prisoner in the hands of the English for thirteen days, and I must say that I believe him to be a thorough gentleman, but some to whom I have made this remark will not believe that he is.

"All these stringent rules about the drunk Pupilon and Towner and Towner the servants got."

that he is.

"All these stringest rules about the treatment of our people were cabled to him by Chamberlain, and all he had to do with them was to sign his name. On one occasion Roberts ordered a widow's cattle which had been seized to be returned to her, and when he found that they had already been killed he gave her they they had already been killed he gave her the market price. A friend of mine was arrested on the charge of sedition for praying for the success of the Free State and President Steyn, but Lord Roberts released him with the remark that a man had the right to pray for his "Oh, there was not anyone among them." a man had the right to pray for his

country.
"Lord Roberts announced some time ago that a party of about 5,000 Boers had crossed the Orange River and invaded eleven or twelve sections of the country. From that time there has been no information about the number of the Boers in the field. I estimate them now at about 11,000 men, and think that they will soon reach 30,000.

"Great trouble is being experienced by the British with their colonial troops. The Canadians are dissatisfied, because they claim that the Australians are being paid higher than themselves. We captured some of these Australians and found that they were of a regiment composed of the sons of gentlemen farmers. They have since returned home. A number of them were offered commissions in the regular army, but only four of them would accept. These Australians were set to watch the great South African Congress which assembled recently to see what could be done in the way of getting the British to stop the war, and they said

Facilities May Be Granted the Thir- Michael O'Sullivan. Former All. up. Roberts is now in England to tell fighting with the same spirit they dis-played at the beginning of the war. We once captured 2,000 and determined to let them all go except the officers, but they retary Root in that organization, nected with amateur athletics, died yes- refused to be released. They said that

> Some people ask me if I am not sur prised that America does not step in an take a hand in favor of the Boers. I an not an envoy, but if America wants recognized nition in the future from the South African Republic she has only to hold up her hand and say that this inhuman war must stop. If we make the same progress in the next three or four months that we have made in the past it will be the Republics who will say hands off and that no one shall interfere to help England.
> "General De Wet is a man about foriy-two years old, while General Botha is about thirty-nine, but they are as religious as the older men. Religious service came from General Botha, and which were damaging to the cause, but they were written by his son Charles, who married a rich English woman and is not recognized by the Boers at all."
>
> Mr. Krige then went into the mized by the Boers at all."
>
> Mr. Krige then went into the charges

throw of 12 feet 9 inches, but the weight was a trifle short of the stipulated fifty six pounds. He was a member of the New York police force after 1891. Outside of his provess as an athlete, "Mike" was a character himself. For the last eight years "Mike" was a member of the Xavier Athletic Club. and for many years he represented the Pastime Athletic Club.

HARRY N. PILLSBURY MARRIED

The Chess Champion Weds a Philadelphia Girl in Chicago.

Chicago Isp 19 Harry N. Pillsbury harry n. Pillsbury is presented to the charge that the natives had no hard feelings for their masters. He said that the great example of what is claimed to be Boer harshness toward the natives is the rule in Pretoria and Johannesburg prorule in Pretoria and Johannesburg pro-hibiting them from walking on the pave-ments with the whites. This was explain-ed by the fact that the natives dress in the scantiest attire, and as they walk along coming from work can be seented at a distance of from twenty to thirty yards. He says that the foreigners in these cities are the principal supporters At the close of the lecture Mr. Krig

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey



CURES Consumption General De-bility, La Grippe, Colds, Bronchitis, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Depression, and weakness from whatever causes.

answered questions by persons in the au-dience, Mayor Hayes doing most of the asking, and explained fine origin of the war as it has been stated by other fec-turers and newspapers, laying stress upon the part which English, capitalists are said to play in the matter of booming the gold mine stocks.

JOKE LED TO A THEFT.

The Inside History of the Burden Diamond Robbery

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 .- Out of jesting remarks made by servants in the household of I. Townsend Burden over a scolding which had been given them because wo birds which were to have been served at dinner were missing grew the famous Burden diamond robbery, by which Mrs. Burden on the night of December 27, 1895, lost jewels worth \$60,000. Ex-Detective Sergeant Frank N. Evanhoe gives this version of the origin of the crime in a book which he has written for the purpose of setting forth the "inside history" of the case and incidentally what he believes to have been his unfair treatment by the police department.

Evanhoe says that William R. Dunlop, the Burden butler, who, with the foot-man, William Turner, stole the diamonds, told him while he was bringing them back from England, where Dunlop had been ar-rested, how the plan of robbery developed. Dunlop said that there had been trouble in the household after 2 dinner which had gone wrong because two birds were mi

"Turner and I were blamed for it." said Turner and I were blamed for it." said Diniop. "Somebody remarked. 'Mr. Burden made as much of a time about it as if Mrs. Burden had lost her diamonds.' Somebody else said it would be a joke to steal her diamonds to see what he really would say.

"In coming up in the steamer from

"In coming up in the steamer from Newport we talked it over, and then the matier dropped for awhile, until something else happened in the house in Twenty-sixth Street which led to some more talk around

weeks later, and finally they took the jewels, which they hid in the cavity behind a rolling door until they sent them to Boston, and Turner subsequently took them to England.

"Oh, there was not anyone among them who cared enough about it," said Mrs. Bayle, according to Evanhoe.

CRUCIBLE COMPANY PLANS.

Plants at Cumberland and Other Points to Be Abandoned.

CUMBERLAND Md., Jan. 19.-The Crucible Steel Company of America has decided to finally abandon the plant here which it absorbed. The company has concluded to dismantle the mill and ship the machinery elsewhere. Jail bars, bank vaults, and similar work were made here. A large order for Government projectiles has been filled. The company, it is announced, will also abandon the plants at Portsmouth, Ohio, and Beaver,

A mammoth new plant will be constructed for the manufacture of raw material either at Brunot's Island or West Elizabeth, Pa. The new works will conafterward that they were disgusted with the work of overawing a body met for such a noble purpose.

"Two of the London regiments practi\$1,500,000. The plans call for tweive "Two of the London regiments practically muthied against Kitchener and went to Lord Roberts with their complaints, but he tried to hush the matter ranging in capacity up to seventy-five berland, is one of the directors of the company. Cumberland will not feel se-riously the permanent shutdown, as the mill now in operation and the one building will more than nake up to the labor

TO KILL OFF MOSQUITOES.

Cuban Yellow Fever Experts to Wage an Active Campaign.

HAVANA, Jan. 19 .- Owing to the results | the time of the recent yellow fever experiments the department is beginning an active campaign against mosquitoes, which it has been shown convey the disease. The forty sanitary inspectors of the city have been ordered to make a thorough inspection of their districts, and to report all stagnant water where mosquitoes might breed. Twice a month petroleum will be thrown are held in the camps each night and the generals constantly remind their soldiers of the Israelites of old. Statements have recently appeared which, it is claimed, the tempt to kill all mosquitoes in house upon the stagnant water, which cannot be drained off, in order to kill the embryo

Ing and paving contract. It adds, how-ever, that he has rights in equity, which the government is recommended to recog-

A norther had been blowing since Thurs

A FIGHT WITH A BURGLAR.

An Athletic Young Virginian Prevents a Theft of Silverware.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 19.—Verner foore, an athletic youth, and a powerful ourglar struggled for the possession of a basket containing a collection of valuable ilverware in the residence of the former silverware in the residence of the former just after midnight yesterday. Moore, who slept in an upper room, heard the clink of the silver as the robber descend-ed the stairs with it. Without hesitation he threw himself over the balusters into the dense gloom below, alighting squarely on the man's shoulders and hurling the basket from his hand. The burglar quick-ly rallied and a fight followed in the dark-ness so intense that neither could see the ss so intense that neither could see th ther's face.

other's face.

The men struggled down the steps, wrecking everything in the way, and fell, grappled together, in the hall below. Young Moore grasped his opponent around re throat and was strangling him when he man broke away and dealt him a eavy blow, momentarily stunning the oung man, who released his hold. The oung man, who released his hold. The urglar escaped, leaving the silver be-

For a Cold in the Head Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.







A GIRL'S BEST FRIEND IS HER MOTHER.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE Co., Rochester, N. Y. WARMER'S SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I know Warner's Safe Cure saved my life. Last spring I had a severe attack of jaundice with other complications, which laid me up for several weeks. I lost my appetite, became nervous and irritable, lost flesh and courage and found no relief. As the doctor's prescription did not help me mother talked with our druggist, who advised her to try Warner's Safe Cure. She brought me a bottle and as that seemed to help me I tried another, and then another and inside of a month I was well and have enjoyed good health ever since, I gladly endorse your splendid medicine.

MISS CLARA ARNDT, Sec'y North Shore German Club.

BACKACHE AND HEADACHE CURED.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 9, 1900. WARNER'S SAFE CURE Co., Rochester, N. Y. Gentlemen:—Last spring I contracted a severe cold which I neglected, to my sorrow. It settled in my liddneys, producing inflammation, with severe backache and continual headache. We had a part of a bottle of Warner's Safe Cure in the house which my brother had been using and I tried it.

To my surprise I began to mend very rapidly. I took a second bottle and a third and kept on improving until at the end of five weeks I was entirely well.

Yours truly.

MISS ROSALIE T. TELLER, See'y Floral Club, 1143 Oakdale Ave.

RESTORED TO COMPLETE HEALTH.

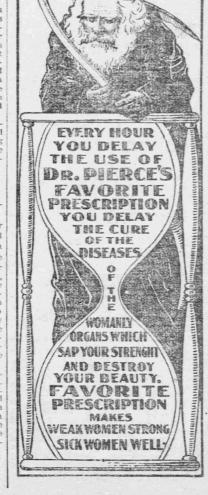
WARNER'S SAPE CURE CO. Rochester, N. Y. Gentlemen: -Warner's Safe Cure is the only medicine that could ever cure me. I was afflicted with femule trouble brought on by being thrown from s carriage in a runaway in the fall of '93. I spent hundreds of dollars on dectors and medicines without relief, but Warner's Safe Cure restored me to health in two months. My general health is also improved and I would not be without it in my home for ten times its cost.

Accept hearty thanks from

Yours gratefully, VIRGINIA TOWNSEND, Vice-President Young People's Christian Temperance Union. 211 Schermerhorn St.

Write Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., for a Free Sample.

Although General Mackay was not a that the



GEN. A. J. MACKAY DEAD.

A Civil War Veteran Who Had a Remarkable Career.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Gen. Alexander J. Mackay, a civil war veteran and a mining stock broker at 5d Broad Street, died yester the common of the Business Men's League last broker at 5d Broad Street, died yester the state of the state

milling business in Minnesota for a while and then went to farming in Nebraska, where he stayed until eight years ago, when his wife died, leaving an infant daughter.

General Mackay, who had lost the fortune made in cattle before the war, then came to this city, with what little money he had left and tried being a broker. He chose for his partner another old soldier, who was ten years his senior, and the struggle of the two old men to build up a fortune was not successful.

When asked why a general and a broker should live in a cheap lodging house, Mr. Adair, of 45 Wall Street, a brother-in-law of the deceased man, said:

"Only because he was on his uppers and would not come home to live with me. His eight year old daughter is being cared for by an aunt out in-California."

Although General Mackay was not a member of that body thought that it was a rash move. The speaker thought that the first thing we need was a suit to recover \$10,090 damages resulting publish Mr. Bayne's document, and he was informed, by the president, that it would be well to publish Mr. Bayne's document, and he was informed, by the president, that it would be done.

Mr. James R. Caton said there had been too much talking and it was now time to take some action. He said that when he was a member of the city council he was chairman of the committee on streets, and, at the time, he authorized a bill for issuing bonds for \$209,000 for street improvements, at 5 per cent. He said that, at the time the bill met with much opposition, but was finally passed. The sum of \$40,600 was spent annually on streets.

Mr. Caton said there had been to which, it is alleged, resulted in his death. The plaintiff was represented by Judge J. K. M. Norton and Cardner L. Boothe. The defendant was represented by Indeed and company, in February, 1899, fell and suit of represented by Judge J. K. M. Norton and Cardner L. Boothe. The defendant was represented by R. Waiton Moore and James R. Caton. This case has been to take some action. He said that when he was a tity c It was a rash move. The speaker thought that the first thing we need was a city amember of the G. A. R., or any other organization, he had a little army club of his own down in Greenwich Street, where a lot more old soldiers are waiting for taps. He was the hero of their hard luck circle of veterans and presided at the nightly campfire in the lodging house. He was remembered by the Army of the Cumberland men as the commissary who had never allowed the rations to run short. One of the old soldiers asid of him: "He was a general and a gentleman all the time."

Wedded an Hour After Divorce.

BUFFALO, Jan. 19.—Fiore Van Schaack, who secured \$39,000 in settlement of her suit for \$50,000 against Millionaire Peter Van Schaack, of Chicago, was married to Goorge H. Foster, of Brooklyn, early yesterday morning by Mayor Diehl. The bride is the star of Fred Irwin's Company and married an hour after the notification of his divorce.

The speaker said that the best plans are settled with the majors of many of our large cities and had their views on the suit for \$50,000 against Millionaire Peter Van Schaack, of Chicago, was married to Goorge H. Foster, of Brooklyn, early yesterday morning by Mayor Diehl. The bride is the star of Fred Irwin's Company at the Court Street Theatre. The bridegroom is musical director of the same company and married an hour after the notification of his divorce.

The speaker said that the best plans the star of Fred Irwin's Company at the Court Street Theatre. The bridegroom is musical director of the same company and married an hour after the notification of his divorce.

The speaker said that the best plans that the first thing we need was a city and the star of fred Irwin's Company at the Court Street Theatre. The bridegroom is musical director of the same company and married an hour after the notification of his divorce.

The year of the city. Many people, he said that the best plans the time of the city council hat the interior of the city council hat the had communicated with the majors of man called in and the ones bearing a smaller rate of interest were issued. The speaker said something should be done to improve the streets, as smaller cities were doing. The grocery trade of Alexandria, he said, was equal to that of any other city, of its size, in the country. The speaker declared that the committee on streets was responsible for the present bad condition of the sidewalks. The present state of affairs, he said, was caused by petty malice. The city council were trying to get even with the mayor and the mayor was trying to get even with the city council, and as a result nothing was accomplished. Isaac Eichberg thought that a committee of one hundred should be appointed, consisting of representative citizens, who would pledge themselves to advocate street improvements. The speaker said King Street was in a shameful condition. He said it was impossible to get anything from the present city council, as they were wranging with one another and no harmony existed among them. M. B. Harlow said that it was evident that it was necessary for the citizens to do something toward the improvements of streets and to induce industries to locate here. Mr. Harlow suggested that a committee of eight or ten be appointed to decide on a plan of action. The present city government, he said, was doing nothing to inaccase the value of property. Mr. James R. Caton said that the unseemingly indifference of the city council and the mayor was not beneficial to the city. Wrangling, he declared, ensued over things of a trifling nature. Mr. Caton then suggested that a committee of a sufficient number be appointed to interview and ascertain who will be candidates at the next meeting. He thought that one or two citizens on each block, in every ward, should be selected to use their influence toward securing the election of the business men's candidates, who will favor improvements.

business men's candidates, who will favor improvements.

Mr. A. D. Brockett then took the floor and stated that if the business men wished to win out they should have money to run their campaign, and suggested that a committee of ten be appointed, who would each give \$10, and that this committee get ninety more, each of whom would give \$10.

After some little debate among different members the following were appointed to constitute a committee: James R. Caton, A. D. Brockett, C. C. Leadbeater, E. E. Downham, George R. Hill, William B. Smoot, James Bayne, Isaac Eichberg, Henry F. Robertson, George B. Carlin, J. R. Zimmerman, ir., John Grilly, John F. Tackett, R. F. Tucker, G. William Ramsay, and M. B. Harlow. This committee will elect a chairman at the next meeting and devise their plans for the coming campaign. As the spring election approaches much interest is being mani-

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 19 .- The Havana Western Railway, connecting the capital with Pinar del Rio' City and the noted Vuelto Abajo tobacco districts, is making an effort to reintroduce the culture of cotton into Cuba along the line of the road. It has procured a quantity of seed from Egypt and the Sea Island plantations of Georgia and along sections of the Misssippi Valley. It has obtained all possi ble information with reference to the cot-ton plant and its culture and is having a pamphlet printed in Spanish for distri-bution with the seeds, to be freely given out to plantation owners along the line willing to make experiments.

Should a sufficient number of them plant the railroad company will next year.

plant, the railroad company will next year years ::go, and today cotton trees twenty feet high are to be found growing wild in many parts of the district, the fibre, how-

THE GRIPPE.

seems to be epidemic, attackirg both old and young, rich and poor alike. It cannot be prevented. The best thing to do is to go to bed at once, consult your Doctor, and as soon as you get over the acute attack, commence the use of SCOTT'S EMUL-SION. That will restore the vitality, and prevent Pneumonia or Bronchitis. It is a natural remedy.

Send for trial bottle free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.